

AGUINALDO A BETRAVER

Dewey Criticised For Letting Traitor Govern Manila.

SAYS ARMY WAS ONLY A MOB

STOLE CATTLE IN THE ISLANDS FOR AMERICANS.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—The third day's testimony given by Admiral Dewey before the senate committee on the Philippines began with a reference to the statement made by the admiral at the first day's proceedings concerning the proffer made by the Spanish governor general to surrender to him. Senator Carmack called attention to the fact that the press made it appear that he had sailed during the next twenty-four hours after the destruction of the Spanish fleet on May 1 there had been several proffers of surrender on the part of the governor.

The admiral replied that he had said that between May 1 and May 12 the governor general had sent word to him more than once that he would be pleased to surrender to the navy. The first proffer, he said, was made in May, through the English consul, and subsequent proffers were made through the Belgian consul. At the time, the admiral admitted, Aguinaldo had begun operations around Manila and was working toward the city.

Taking up the thread of the investigation where it was dropped yesterday, Senator Carmack asked the witness if all the trouble in the Philippines had been due to Aguinaldo. Nor did the governor general had sent word to him more than once that he would be pleased to surrender to the navy. The first proffer, he said, was made in May, through the English consul, and subsequent proffers were made through the Belgian consul. At the time, the admiral admitted, Aguinaldo had begun operations around Manila and was working toward the city.

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Mr. Patterson, however, disclaimed any intention to be otherwise than respectful, and he continued his questions. "Do you know," he asked, "whether Aguinaldo has a dollar today?" "I don't know," was the reply. "I have not been in the Philippines for three years; how should I know?"

Dewey Refused to Answer. "Do you not know from your experience that there was never a day while he was in Manila that he could not have made himself rich at the expense of the American government if he had given up?"

The witness hesitated, and said he could not answer the question, as he was told by the chair that he need not do so. "You do know," Mr. Patterson went on, "that there were several who got good fat offices?"

The reply was in the negative. The witness also said he knew nothing of the payment of money to the Cuban general, Gomez, and he added the suggestion to Senator Patterson that he should not put such questions to him. Senator Patterson also asked a number of questions concerning Admiral Dewey's association with General Anderson after arrival, and his visit to Aguinaldo's company with the general. He said he had suggested to General Anderson on the occasion of that visit that he need not wear his uniform or put on his sword, but that his blouses would be sufficient, and the suggestion had been adopted. Referring to a report of that report made by General Anderson and to copies of letters written by General Anderson, in which Aguinaldo was assured of a desire for amicable relations, Admiral Dewey said that he did not remember that any such assurances had been given. Speaking of General Anderson's letters to the Philippine chieftain, the witness said:

"When I heard that he was writing letters to Aguinaldo, I advised him against doing so."

Anderson Offended Leader. He added that he was not conversant with all of General Anderson's acts before the arrival of General Merritt, as the general had gone his own way which (Dewey) had gone his. He also said General Anderson had offended Aguinaldo on the occasion of their visit by his questions. When Senator Patterson pressed other questions calling for replies to statements made by army officers and others, the admiral declined to answer, saying:

"I am here to testify to what I know, and I will give all the information I can, but what others have said, I don't like your questions, and I don't think I ought to be required to reply to them."

The chair assured the witness that he need not answer. The admiral said, however, in reply to further pressing, that his views did not coincide with those expressed by General Anderson in a magazine article. "They do not coincide," he said. "We differed very much from the beginning."

Senators Beveridge and Dietrich then asked a few questions. The former reminded the admiral of a statement that he (Senator Beveridge) had had the admiral on the flagship Olympia when she lay in the harbor at Manila, and asked him if he remembered a conversation with the admiral concerning the capture of the Spanish arms, that he could not think of thinking that he had done a higher power than ours."

"I do," responded the admiral. "I remember that I said that, and it is my opinion now."

Would Lapse Into Anarchy. Senator Beveridge read extracts from the reports of the first Philippine commission, in which Admiral Dewey was a member, in which the statement was made that the Filipinos were incapable of standing alone, and if the American support was withdrawn they would lapse into anarchy, and asked him if that had been his opinion. He replied in the affirmative, adding that he still entertained that view.

Senator Carmack—"Was that always your opinion?" "Yes, true, I made a comparison once with the Cubans, saying the Filipinos were more capable of self-government than the Cubans, but I think that neither the Filipinos nor the Cubans are capable of self-government."

Senator Dietrich's questions were intended to show the state of Admiral Dewey's mind concerning the Filipinos at the time of the engagement with the Spanish squadron. He asked the admiral if it was not true that if he had recognized the Filipinos as allies, trusted them as such, and considered them capable of taking charge of Manila, he would have accepted the proffer for the surrender of Manila before the arrival of the American troops.

"Yes," replied the witness, "that is true, and it is a good idea. I had not thought of it, and I am glad you suggested it. It makes my testimony stronger. It is true, and the fact that I did not accept the surrender and put them in charge, shows that I did not trust them. It never entered my head to do that."

Country Under Reign of Terror. Senator Carmack—"Then, it is a fact that you took a man to Manila to be a leader of the native people who but recently had betrayed those people for a bribe?"

Admiral Dewey—"I think that would have made no difference. The country was under a reign of terror. "Then you wanted a man who could organize the natives?"

"No, I did not want any one. Aguinaldo and his people were forced upon me by Consul Pratt and others."

"Did the consul and others have any power to force these people upon you?" "Yes, by constant pressure. I did not want the Filipino refugees, because I did not believe that a half dozen of them would do any good in view of the report that thousands would rise up in insurrection upon our arrival at Manila. I thought they would play a very small part."

"Then you placed the country at the mercy of a man who would plunder and rob, notwithstanding you had no need for his services?" "This question the admiral declined to answer, and Senator Patterson took the witness, asking if Aguinaldo had ever talked to him on the basis of selling out to the Americans?"

ALEXANDER ROBERTSON MISSING; KING EDWARD IS OUT OF DANGER

MA HAVE TAKEN HIS LIFE

ROYAL PATIENT SAT UP YESTERDAY AND RECEIVED VISITORS.

MANY SWINDLERS IN LONDON

STREET FAKIRS ARE SELLING WARES AT REDUCED RATES.

LONDON, June 28.—So accustomed has the public become to favorable news of King Edward's condition that tonight's latest bulletin, while read with eagerness, was accepted almost as a matter of course.

The word "discomfort" used in connection with the wound in the 11 o'clock bulletin is not regarded as having special significance, and it is announced that the transfer of his majesty from the bed to a wheel couch caused the royal patient no pain.

The Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, and others of the royal family dined at Buckingham palace this evening. Upward of 100 warships are still anchored at Portsmouth.

It was today definitely denied that the prince of Wales will inspect the colonial contingent of troops July 1 on the horse guards' parade. The troops will be under the command of the Duke of Connaught. Thousands of persons meanwhile are going to Portsmouth to view the assemblage there of the British naval prowess.

Fakirs in Hard Luck. What at first sight was one of the most pathetic features of the postponement of the coronation, among all the serious financial embarrassments on every hand, was the utter demoralization of the street fakirs, who had been counting for months on a rich harvest. The features of the Strand, Fleet street and hotel entrances today were street arches, mostly of tender years, apparently weeping over trays of cheap medals, pins and other odd of date and inappropriate souvenirs. Their general wailing pines were always aimed at well dressed pedestrians.

"Only a penny; give me a medal; please buy something." These appeals frequently succeed. The "tears" and grief among the sharp street Arabs only seem to have developed since the coronation was postponed. Among scores of clever little plagiarists in other walks of life the same keen disappointment was visible.

SWINDLERS IN LONDON. Crooks From America and the Continent Fleeting Visitors. New York, June 28.—Twenty of the cleverest and most dangerous swindlers from America and the continent have been in London for the purpose of fleecing the London correspondent of the Herald. Recently a group of five American sharpshooters entered a well known West End restaurant and one of them renewed an acquaintance with one whom he thought he had met years ago.

Later they entered a card game in their apartments, in which the victim lost \$500. His supposed friend also lost heavily. Both parties, however, who were victim contributed cash. He notified the police, but the gang had fled. The police issued the warrants promptly, in two parties, one of which proceeded to Paris.

Also medicine that is sure death to Tapeworms or no charge. We will kill and drive away any Tapeworm that is not larger than a large orange. We can cure three cases out of five of Carcinoma (or Eating Ulcers).

And our Morning Dew Drops are the only safe and sure thing ever offered. We do not visit the sick nor give prescriptions. We prepare all medicines and everything is in the strictest confidence. We notify a physician when dealing with any of the above troubles to call on us. We diagnose all the above diseases and give full information free. An information requested by mail given promptly, free.

THE PALMER MEDICINE COMPANY, 25 East Fourth South St., Salt Lake City, Utah.

Inspector Fred Malone was arraigned for being accessory after the fact to a felony, to-wit, the "cracking" of a safe in the Pabst Brewing company's office.

The third man indicted is Inspector Charles F. Brackett.

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A peculiarity of the spinel is that no matter how large the stone, the reflection of the light which is reflected from the depth of the gem is always a pale yellow. A blue spinel has been consigned as a sapphire, and was returned to the consignor, who had it cut and received more for it than it would have had if it had really been a sapphire. A spinel collected by Dr. Heron is said to weigh forty-nine points. When spinel crystals are very fine they are, considered gems, and De Beers think having been found in large quantities in St. Lucia, it is not unlikely that they will be found in Martinique and St. Vincent.

Ingram Could Be Trusted. John Ingram, a prominent member of the Wall street firm of R. T. Wilson & Co., himself a millionaire, recently bought about \$50-worth of summer clothing at a well known Fifth avenue haberdasher's. He ordered that the goods be sent to his home and the bill sent to himself, care R. T. Wilson & Co. The same afternoon a neat young man appeared at the Wall street office and said he wished to make some inquiries concerning Mr. Ingram, who, he explained, was supposed to work there. "You mean the man who had the diamonds and went at once to Mr. Ingram with the young man's request."

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where a wealthy visitor was bunned to the extent of \$5,000.

QUEEN RECEIVES REID. Her Majesty Received Americans With Great Cordiality. London, June 28.—Queen Alexandra received Whiteley Reid, the special ambassador of the United States, and Mrs. Reid at Buckingham palace this afternoon in farewell audience. Her majesty understood that the queen received them with great cordiality and emphasized the appreciation of the sympathy and support of the United States in the present crisis which had already been expressed to Mr. Reid by the Prince of Wales and Lansdowne. The queen showed evidence of relief, and, considering the strain upon her, looked remarkably well. The special embassy will now be officially closed. London before July 1.

Royal Zwickback, pure, clean, healthy, good for everybody; 12c per dozen. Put sale by The Royal, 232 South Main.

Good Goods Cheap. Where Bargains Greet the Buyer.

"What's in a Name." A whole lot sometimes. No name sounds sweeter to the money saving public than the money saving public than

Big Boston Store

Why? Because we give you the best goods for the least money.

CORSETS. 50 dozen latest style girde corsets worth 75c to \$1.25— 46c

HOSE. 500 children's bicycle hose, double knee and toe, worth 20c— 10c

DRY GOODS. 5,000 yards Afton percales in fancy light and dark shades, 36 inches wide, worth 15c a yard, to be sold at— 8 1/2c

3,000 yards imported and domestic lawns and dimities, worth from 12 1/2c to 25c, all go for— 10c yard

RIBBONS. A big lot of ribbon in all the latest designs, shades and widths, at prices less than actual factory cost.

Ladies' Silk Waists. All silk waists, values up to \$9.00 for— \$3.98

50 silk waists, assorted colors, worth \$4.00— \$1.98

Ladies' golf skirts, the very thing for camping— \$2.29

300 high grade golf skirts at less than factory prices from— \$3.98 up

SHOES. Ladies' dongola shoes, fair stitched and McKay sewed, regular value \$2.25, this week— \$1.58

Ladies' canvas oxfords, value \$1.55— 95c

Children's and Misses' canvas oxfords, this week— 69c

Big Boston Store, 212, 214, 216 West Temple, next to Postoffice.

ONE WEEK, COMMENCING MONDAY, JUNE 30. SOMETHING IS GOING TO DROP. It will be a great big chunk off the regular prices on all our Boys' and Children's Clothing. Every suit goes. Nothing reserved. The size of the chunk will be A FAIR, SQUARE, HONEST DISCOUNT, 25 PER CENT HERE'S A MONEY-SAVING OPPORTUNITY. Think what this means, and right in the heat of the season. Goods all marked in plain figures. Take one-fourth off the price, pay us the balance and the goods are yours. There's not a person in town who can afford to miss this sale. Think what One-fourth means, then look at these figures: \$2.50 Suits at \$2.00; \$3.00 Suits at \$2.25; \$4.50 Suits at \$3.40; \$5.50 Suits at \$4.10; \$6.50 Suits at \$4.90; etc. Impossible to appreciate these prices we are offering until you see the goods. Special Cut on all our Men's Shirt Waists. A beautiful line left to select from. Prices from \$1.25 to \$4.00. Your choice of entire lot at 20 per cent off. R. W. & KELLY CO. Clothiers and Furnishers. PLAIN FIGURES. ONE WEEK, COMMENCING MONDAY, JUNE 30.

SAFE CRACKER GAVE DETECTIVE PART OF HIS HAUL FOR PROTECTION

Minneapolis, June 28.—Three more members of the police force have been indicted by the grand jury, and two are in the Pabst Brewing company's office.

Captain John Fitchett is accused of receiving a gratuity of \$100 for securing an applicant a place on the police force.

Inspector Fred Malone was arraigned for being accessory after the fact to a felony, to-wit, the "cracking" of a safe in the Pabst Brewing company's office.

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